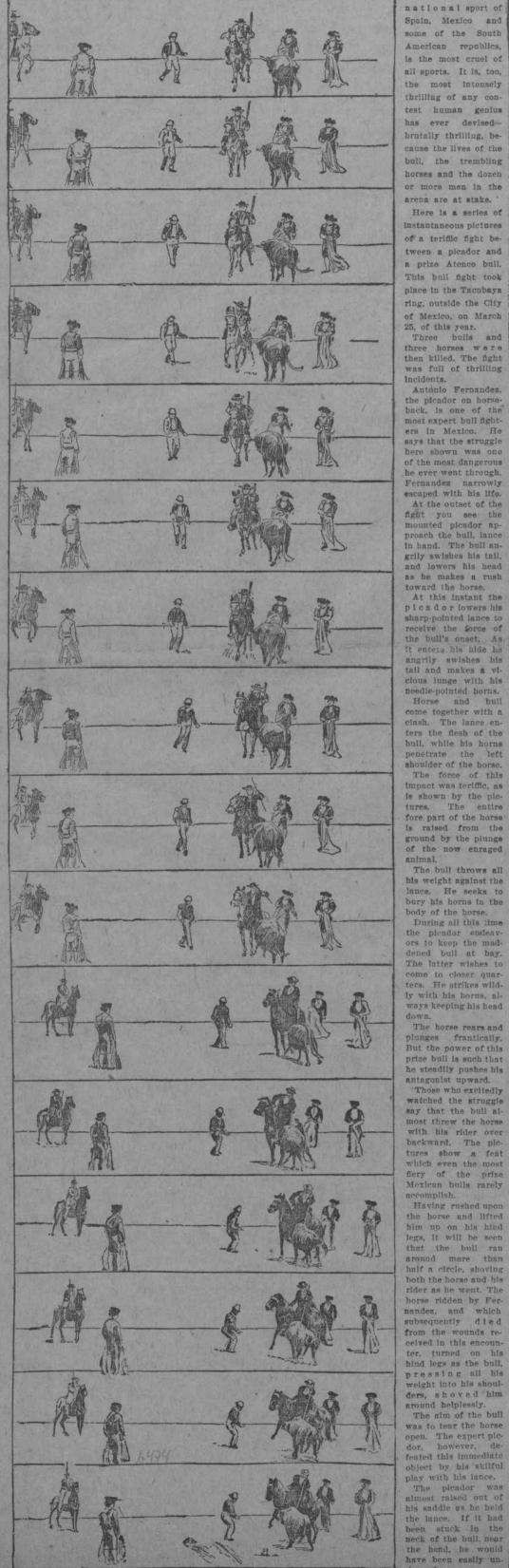
SUNDAY, MAY 17, 1896,—COPYRIGHT, 1806, BY W. R. HEARST.

Showing the Mad Rush of the Bull; the Plunging of the Bull's Horns into the Horse's Side; the Horse Lifted into the Air on the Bull's Horns; the Mounted Picador Wounding the Bull with His Lance, and the Retreat of



The bull fight, the national sport of Spain, Mexico and some of the South American republics, is the most cruel of all sports. It is, too, the most intensely thrilling of any contest human genius has ever devisedbrutally thrilling, because the lives of the bull, the trembling horses and the dozen or more men in the arena are at stake. Here is a series of Instantaneous pictures of a teriffic fight between a picador and a prize Atenco bull. This bull fight took place in the Tacubaya ring, outside the City of Mexico, on March 25, of this year. Three bulls and three horses were then killed. The fight was full of thrilling Incidents. Antonio Fernandez, the picador on horse-back, is one of the most expert bull fighters in Mexico. He says that the struggle here shown was one of the most dangerous he ever went through. Fernandez narrowly escaped with his life. At the outset of the fight you see the mounted plendor approach the bull, lance in hand. The bull an-

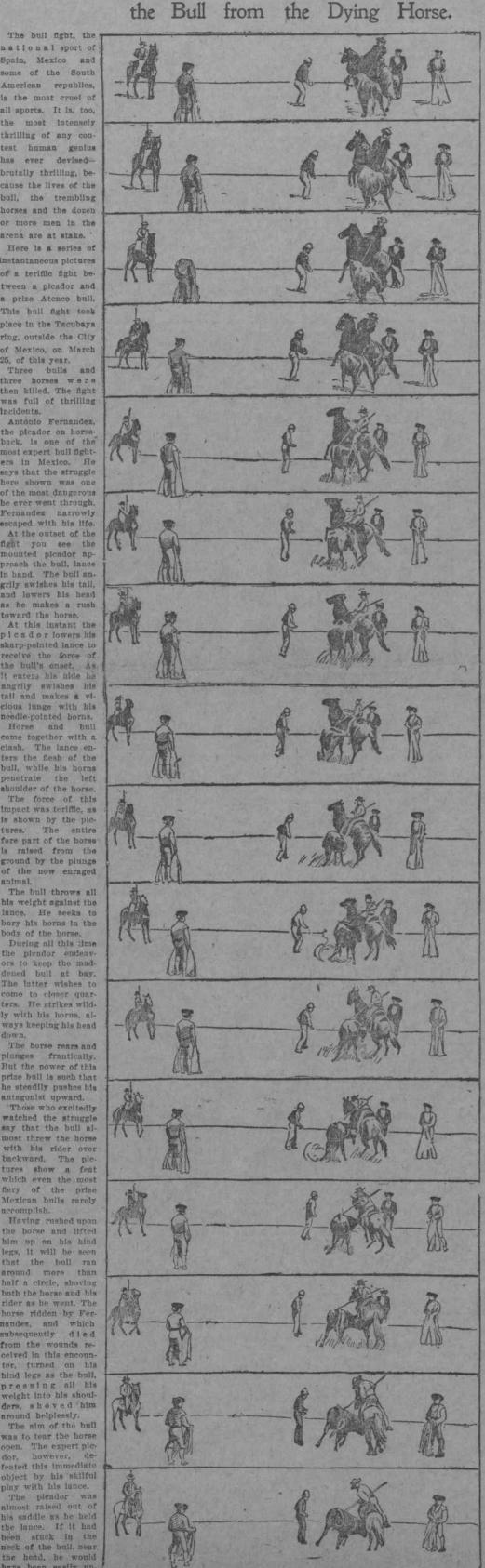
grily swishes his tail, and lowers his head as he makes a rush toward the horse. At this instant the picador lowers his sharp-pointed lance to receive the force of the bull's onset. As it enters his hide he angrily swishes his tall and makes a viclous lunge with his needle-pointed horns. Horse and bull come together with a clash. The lance enters the flesh of the bull, while his horns penetrate the left shoulder of the horse. The force of this impact was teriffic, as is shown by the pletures. The entire fore part of the horse is raised from the

The bull throws all his weight against the lance. He seeks to bury his horns in the body of the horse. During all this time the pleador endeav-ors to keep the maddened bull at bay. The latter wishes to come to closer quarters. He strikes wildly with his horns, always keeping his head down.

The horse rears and plunges frantically. But the power of this prize bull is such that he steadily pushes his antagonist upward. Those who excitedly watched the struggle say that the bull almost threw the horse with his rider over backward. The pletures show a feat which even the most fiery of the prize Mexican bulls rarely accomplish.
Having rushed upon

rider as he went. The horse ridden by Fernandez, and which subsequently died from the wounds recelved in this encounter, turned on his hind legs as the bull, pressing all his weight into his shoulders, shoved him around helplessly.

The aim of the bull was to tear the horse open. The expert plc dor, however, de-feated this immediate object by his skilful play with his lance. The picador was almost raised out of the lance. If it had been stuck in the neck of the bull, near



It was impossible for the pleador in this fight to keep the long, sharpened horns of the bull away from the horse and the latter was fearfully gored on his left shoulder. Falling in his attempt to overthrow both horse and rider, the bull, mortally wounded. rushed away to die.

During the whole of the rest of the proceedings in the Tacubaya ring there was no incident so dramatic and thrilling as this which imperilled the life of Mexico's most popular plea-dor. Another plea-dor, Jose Tega by name, stood ready at the time, but took no part in the struggle.

Even such a terri-fic wound as this only served to bring out all the fighting qual-ities of the bull, as the pictures show. If he had drawn back when he felt the cruel lance he could have escaped for the time. But it will be seen that he lunged and plunged, kicking up the ground, lash-ing his tall and striking with his horns as he sought to get in on horse and rider. This was the first

private bull fight to occur in Mexico. It was arranged by Mr. Gray Latham for the purpose of taking the Eldoloscope pictures now being thrown on a screen at the Olympia and at the St. James Hotel in this city.

United States Minister Ransom, Con-sul-General Crittenden, with Mrs. Crit-tenden and many other Americans in Mexico at the time, were among the invited guests present at this fight. Governor-General Pedro Rincon, the Governor of the federal district of Mexico, was also present, The bulls and the

bull fighters were secured for the Eldoloscope people by Pedro Norieger, the most prominent impresario in Mexico. A private bull fight is expensive, as this exhibition cost over \$4,000, some of the star fighters present receiving as high as \$500. The Atenco bulls cost \$100 cach.

tures here shown are but a small fraction of the immense of the immense num-ber of photographs taken of even this brief incident in the built fight. They were cut from the film a foot or more apart. Sometimes eight or ten pictures were taten pictures were ta-ken out at a time without any of the action being lost. More than 50,000 pictures were taken by the Eldoloscope during the two and one-half hours while

the bull fight lasted. This wonderful invention, which afterward projects the pictures on a screen so fast that only the movements of the actors are seen, can take 50 pictures per second.
It can keep that up

hour after hour, thus taking photographs at at the rate of 180,000 per hour. The original pictures are on a continuous strip of film, each being three-quarters of an inch deep and about an inch and a half in width. For exhibition pur-

poses the film is flashed across a magnifying glass that enlarges the image thrown on a screen. The time maintained is the same both at the exhibition and during the actual occurrence, the same number of pictures per minute being unrolled.

The strip from which the 48 pictures shown herewith were taken was about 100 feet in length. More than a mile of gela-tine film was used in taking all the builtight pictures, and the camera was worked by a steem. worked by a steam

